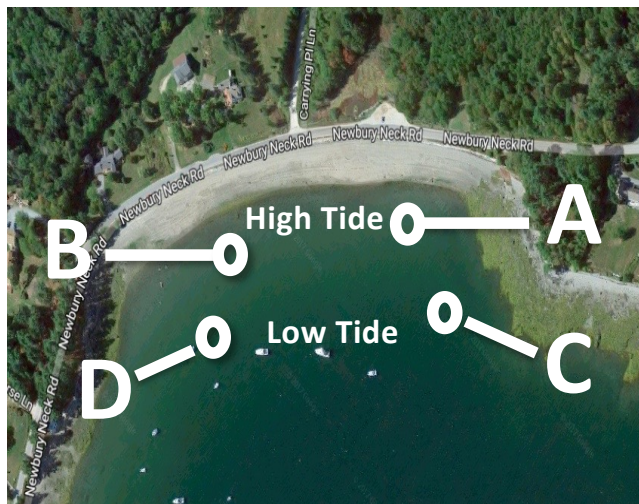


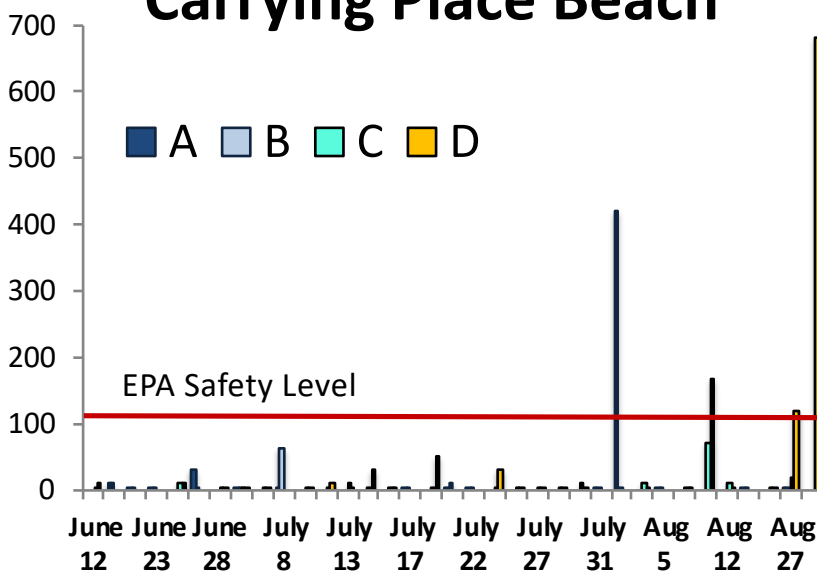
2019 Bacteria Levels at Carrying Place Beach

Enterococci bacteria, though not harmful themselves, indicate the presence of fecal contamination and other potentially harmful bacteria in the water. These are known to cause vomiting, diarrhea, nausea, abdominal pain, ear infections, and fever in recreational swimmers. Young children and people with compromised immune systems are especially susceptible. Beaches are monitored around the country to protect the public, but the Shaw Institute is the only organization that monitors beaches in the Blue Hill area, using the same protocols as the Maine Healthy Beaches program assessment parameters from EPA. **According to the EPA, no single sample should exceed 104 Enterococci bacteria and monthly averages should not exceed 35.**



Most Recent Sampling Days	Sampling Sites	Enterococci Bacteria Count	Meets EPA Criteria
Aug 27 (High Tide)	A	1	👍
	B	1	
Aug 27 (Low Tide)	C	20	👍
	D	121	
Aug 28 (Low Tide)	C	NA	👎
	D	682	
Aug 29 (Low Tide)	C	NA	👍
	D	97	
Aug 30 (High Tide)	A	253	👎
	B	31	
Aug 31 (High Tide)	A	1	👍
	B	1	
Sep 4 (Low Tide)	C	1	👍
	D	1	
Monthly Average (Aug 5-Sep 4)		61.25	👎

Carrying Place Beach



For More Information, Please Visit Our Website

Shaw Institute at www.shawinstitute.org